

Math 420, Spring 2020

Second Solo Homework: Introduction to the Threads

Due Tuesday, 11 February, 2020

Exercise 1. Compute m_i , v_{ij} , and c_{ij} for each of the following groups of assets based on daily closing price data with uniform weights:

- (i) VFINX, VBMFX, and VGSIX in 2019;
 - (ii) VFINX, VBMFX, and VGSIX in 2018 and 2019;
 - (iii) VFINX, VBMFX, VGSIX, VGTSX, VMVIX, and VTIBX in 2019;
 - (iv) VFINX, VBMFX, VGSIX, VGTSX, VMVIX, and VTIBX in 2018 and 2019.
- a. Describe the assets VFINX, VBMFX, and VGSIX. Display m_i as a 3-vector and v_{ij} and c_{ij} as 3×3 -matrices for (i) and (ii). Explain the differences between these objects for groups (i) and (ii).
 - b. Compute a complete set of eigenpairs for the 3×3 -matrices v_{ij} for groups (i) and (ii). What conclusions do you draw from the eigenvalues about the dimensionality of these assets?
 - c. Describe the assets VGTSX, VMVIX, and VTIBX. Display m_i as a 6-vector and v_{ij} and c_{ij} as 6×6 -matrices for (iii) and (iv). Explain the differences between these objects for groups (iii) and (iv).
 - d. Compute a complete set of eigenpairs for the 6×6 -matrices v_{ij} for groups (iii) and (iv). What conclusions do you draw from the eigenvalues about the dimensionality of these assets?
 - e. Give explanations for the values of c_{ij} you computed for groups (iii) and (iv).

Exercise 2 on the next page.

Exercise 2.

Consider the following seven points in the 2-D plane:

$$\mathcal{V} = \{(1, 0), (-1, -1), (0, 1), (0, -1), (2, 0), (-2, 0), (3, 1)\}$$

You need to write and execute a piece of (Matlab) code that performs the following:

- a. Denote by R the 7×7 matrix of pairwise distances between these points. Compute and print out this matrix.
- b. Let $K = 3$. For each point in this set find the closest K -neighbors and collect these edges in the set \mathcal{E} . Plot the geometric graph $(\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$.
- c. For each point in \mathcal{V} find the closest point on the line $y = 2x + 1$. Plot both the set \mathcal{V} and their projection onto the line $y = 2x + 1$.
- d. For each point $(a, b) \in \mathcal{V}$ consider its projection (x, y) onto the line $y = 2x + 1$ computed at part (c). Let $\mathbf{r} = (r_1, r_2) = (a, b) - (x, y)$ denote the residual vector, or the approximation error. Verify numerically that all residual vectors are parallel with each other. What direction are they parallel with?
- e. Compute the scalar product (or dot product) between the unit vector parallel to the line $y = 2x + 1$ and the unit vector parallel to residuals computed at part (d).